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CANADA
1914

L. Jones

APR 30 1914
INDEX
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Mount Tolmie

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Mount Tolmie Nursery

ESTABLISHED 1880

DESCRIPTIVE CATALOGUE

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Fruit Trees, Plants
Shrubs, Roses, &c.

1914

G. A. KNIGHT & SONS

Mount Tolmie P.O.

VICTORIA, B. C.

ALL ORDERS BY MAIL PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO

To My Friends and Customers

WHILE I exercise the greatest care to have all my trees and plants true to name, well-grown and packed in the best possible manner, and hold myself in readiness to replace all trees or plants that may prove untrue it is mutually understood and agreed between the purchaser and myself that I disclaim all liability for results arising from defective planting, or planting at improper seasons, or from subsequent faulty treatment and cultivation, and am not, in any respect, responsible for any loss or damage arising from any failure thereof.

I desire to be notified at once of any errors that may occur in filling orders, so that they may be rectified and that my customers may be fully satisfied in their dealings with me.

The success of any trees or plants I supply is as much to my interest as that of the buyer's, every successful planting of trees being a standing recommendation of my nurseries; such success also saves me from blame, unsucccess being sometimes attributed to the quality of the trees rather than to what is often the real cause—want of proper care in planting, exposure to cold, frosty winds and want of either shelter or watering or necessary care during ensuing summer.

Plant in moderately rich, well pulverized soil, free from standing water. In fact, to be successful in this climate, land should be well prepared, either by trenching and plowing or sub-soiling, and draining, if the land is not naturally drained; dig the holes large enough for the roots to be spread out naturally, and plant about the same depth that the tree stood in the nursery; work in the top soil among the roots, and when roots are covered press firmly with the feet and fill up with the best surrounding soil, and by all means keep manure and all substitutes free from the roots, but use it as a mulch.

If not ready for planting on receiving trees or plants, unpack, trench, or heel-in in a slanting position to keep the roots from the sun and air, or dip the roots in a muddle made by mixing clay with water until of the consistency of cream, and lay away in a cool, damp cellar where they can neither dry nor freeze until they can be planted in suitable weather. Take out only a few at a time so that the roots will not be exposed for any length of time to cold, drying winds.

Customers ordering from the uppercountry, when ordering in the spring, should order early so that the trees can be taken up and heeled in to check growth; if not to be shipped at once this is needful. Victoria is probably the earliest part of the province.

TERMS CASH.

Visitors are cordially invited to inspect my stock. The best way to reach the Nursery is to take the Mount Toimie car.

I grow all kinds of fruit and ornamental trees shrubs, etc., that are adapted to this climate, which are equal to any, and at reasonable prices.

No nursery stock will be held without a deposit of half purchase price. The nursery business is too long-winded to run any risk. One party dies and others change their minds, and thus the poornurseryman is left with stock on his hands that he often could have sold for cash, so please be considerate.

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Descriptive Catalogue of Fruit Trees, Shrubs,
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STANDARD ROSE

G. A. KNIGHT & SONS, *Mt. Tolmie P.O.* VICTORIA, B.C.

Street Cars From Victoria Run Past Our Nursery

FRUIT DEPARTMENT

APPLES—Summer.

Price—First-class, 3-years, 40 cents each, \$35 per \$100; second-class, 2-years, 30 cents each, \$25 per 100; third class, 1-year, heavy, 25 cents each, \$20 per 100.

EARLY HARVEST—Medium, pale yellow, mild and excellent; early.

RED ASTRACHAN—Large, crimson, handsome, rather acid but good; very early, iron-clad.

TITOVOKA (TITUS APPLE)—Very large, almost like Twenty Ounce; skin smooth, greenish yellow, striped and splashed with red; flesh sub-acid. Handsome; the largest and one of the best Russian iron-clad apples.

YELLOW TRANSPARENT.—Earliest and best, white, tender, juicy, sprightly sub-acid.

Autumn.

ALEXANDER—Large, red, beautiful, sub-acid, pleasant, iron-clad; valuable; late.

DUCHESS OF OLDENBURG — Medium, roundish, yellow, striped red; good, iron-clad; productive.

BISMARCK—An apple from New Zealand; one of the best apples in cultivation. Large, of brilliant color; very productive.

FALL PIPPIN—Large, golden yellow; rich, creamy, melting flesh; late.

FAMEUSE (SNOW APPLE) — Medium, crimson, white flesh, excellent, productive, iron-clad; early.

GRAVENSTEIN—Large, roundish, yellow, nearly covered with red; sub-acid, good, profitable, iron-clad, medium.

GOLDEN PIPPIN—This is an excellent, large, beautiful apple, one that can be highly recommended; rich golden yellow.

MAIDEN'S BLUSH—Large, waxen yellow, with carmine cheek, beautiful, fine grained, rich, juicy, sub-acid; excellent; late.

LORD SUFFIELD—A valuable English kitchen apple, an improvement on Kerswick Codlin. The tree is hardy and a great bearer; fruit large, conical, greenish yellow.

Winter.

BALDWIN—Large, roundish, dark red, sub-acid, good, popular; mid-winter.

BEN DAVIS (NEW YORK PIPPIN)—Large, nearly all red, striped, sub-acid, good bearer, extra keeper and prolific.

BLENHEIM ORANGE PIPPIN — Large, roundish, yellowish, becoming deep orange; striped red on sunny side. Good; November to January.

BRITISH COLUMBIA BAYLE'S SEEDLINGS, or CANADA REINETTE—Very large, flattened, ribbed; dull yellow, flesh firm, juicy and rich. Tree is a *free* grower, spreading and a good bearer. November to March.

NEWTON WONDER—A recent introduction of great merit. Large and very good.

GRIMES' GOLDEN PIPPIN—Medium roundish; delicate, rich golden yellow. December to March.

GOLDEN RUSSET—Medium size, roundish, dull russet, with a slightly reddish cheek; crisp and juicy; productive. December to April.

GREENING, *Rhode Island*—Large, roundish, yellowish green; tender, rich, good; productive.

HUBBARDSON NONSUCH—Large, roundish, yellow, striped and splashed red, sweet, very rich, extra; reliable.

JONATHAN—Medium, red, extra quality.

KING OF TOMPKINS COUNTY—Large, yellow, striped red; tender, excellent.

NEWTON PIPPIN (ALBEMARLE PIPPIN)—Medium, greenish, extra quality, extra keeper.

NORTHERN SPY—Large, roundish, striped red, extra; good keeper; tardy, but abundant bearer.

BELLEFEUR (BELL FLOWER) — Large, bright golden yellow; good.

RIBSTON PIPPIN—Beautiful, one of the best apples; a fine dessert apple, a good kind for Espaliers or dwarfs.

ROXBURY RUSSET (BOSTON RUSSET)—Largest of all Russets, sub-acid, extra quality. January to March.

ROME BEAUTY—Large, yellow, shaded red; tender, juicy, sub-acid.

SUTTON BEAUTY—Handsome, yellow, striped crimson, flesh tender, juicy, sub-acid, good quality, keeps well, tree a free grower and productive.

WEALTHY—Medium, roundish, brilliant light red, flesh tender, juicy, sub-acid, extra, a free grower, very productive and of iron-clad hardness.

Crab Apples.

Price same as apples.

LADY ELGIN—Medium, yellow, with brilliant vermillion cheek; very beautiful, flesh tender, juicy and good.

TRANSCENDENT—Fruit medium to large for its class, golden yellow, with a rich crimson cheek. Early autumn.

FLORENCE—New fruit, excellent quality; tree productive and vigorous.

RED SIBERIAN—Small, yellow and scarlet, handsome tree; an early bearer.

HYSLOP—Large, very dark showy red.

PEARS.

Pears should be gathered from the tree and ripened in the house; some are worthless if left to ripen on the trees and all are in better quality if properly ripened indoors. Summer pears should be gathered at least ten days before they would ripen, and autumn varieties two weeks. Winter pears should be permitted to hang on the trees until late—until the leaves have fallen, if they will remain that long—then gather and treat the same as winter apples.

First class, 50 cents each; \$5 per doz.

Second-class, 40c ea., \$4.00 per doz.

BARTLETT (Williams Bon Cretien)—Large, clear, yellow, juicy, buttery, excellent, thrifty, young, heavy and regular bearer; very reliable and popular; late autumn.

BEURRE D'ANJOU—Large, russety, yellow, with red cheek, buttery, melting, superb, vigorous, productive, reliable, popular, late autumn.

BEURRE CLAIRGEAU—Very large, yellow and crimson, beautiful, buttery, juicy, excellent, early autumn.

FLEMISH BEAUTY—Large, pale yellow; much russeted, rich, melting, very hardy, early autumn.

BEURRE GIFFARD—Medium, pale, yellowish green, with red cheek; juicy, sweet; of good flavor; early.

KEIFFER—Strong, vigorous grower, early bearer and wonderfully productive; late autumn.

LOUISE BONNE OF JERSEY—Large, clear yellow, with red cheek; melting, juicy; one of the best.

LAWRENCE—Large, light, yellowy, but-
tery, sugary, excellent; the best win-
ter pear; early winter.

MADELEINE—Medium, very early, sweet
and good.

SECKEL—Small, yellowish russet, with
crimson red cheek; rich, melting;
early autumn.

VICAR OF WINKFIELD—Very large, yel-
lowish green; juicy, usually of poor
quality; good grower; very produc-
tive; for cooking; late winter.

CHERRIES.

Cherries succeed best on moderately
rich, light, loamy or sandy soil.
First class, each 50c; per doz.,
\$5; second class, each, 40c; per
doz., \$4.

BELL MAGNIFIQUE—A beautiful and ex-
cellent late variety.

ELTON—Large, pale yellow, spotted with
red.

EARLY RICHMOND—Medium, acid.

BLACK REPUBLIC—A good, large black
cherry, one of the best.

BLACK TARTARIAN—Large.

GOVERNOR WOOD—Large, pale yellow,
shaded red, sweet, rich and delici-
ous; productive, one of the best.

MORELLO'S ENGLISH AND KENTISH.—Ex-
cellent for preserving.

MAY DUKE—Dark red, an early acid,
juicy, popular kind.

LATE DUKE—Very large and fine; ripens
later than May Duke.

NAPOLEON BIGARREAU (ROYAL ANN)—
Large, white, with red cheek; excel-
lent.

OLIVET—Large, a very fine late cherry.

OREGON SEEDLING—A first class cherry,
similar to Napoleon.

OX HEART—A well-known, popular va-
riety.

YELLOW SPANISH—Large, early, white,
with a faint blush; firm, rich and de-
licious.

KNIGHT'S EARLY BLACK—Early; a good,
sweet variety; medium.

BING—Large black, excellent variety.

PLUMS.

First class, 50c each; \$5 per doz.; sec-
ond class, 5 to 7 ft., 40c each; \$4 per
doz.

BRADSHAW—Very large, dark violet red,
good, early.

COE'S GOLDEN DROP—Large, pale yellow,
with red spots, late.

ENGLISH GREEN GAGE—Medium, round,
rich, juicy, slow grower; best table
plum. Early.

GEUHL—Large, dark, very prolific.

LOMBARD—Medium, oval, violet, flesh
juicy, sugary, vigorous, a great
bearer, medium.

PEACH—Very large, roundish, brownish
red, oval, vigorous, productive, early.

RED EGG (MAGNUM BONUM)—Large,
red, oval, vigorous, productive, early.

SHROPSHIRE DAMSON—An improvement
upon and double the size of the
common damson. Late.

YELLOW EGG (MAGNUM BONUM)—
Large, deep yellow, productive and
popular. Early.

WASHINGTON—Large, roundish oval,
deep yellow, with a pale crimson
blush or dots; firm, very sweet and
luscious.

VICTORIA (SHARP'S EMPEROR)—A beau-
tiful plum; fruit large, roundish
oval, light yellow, spotted, and
shaded with light lilac and purple.
One of the very best.

Prunes.

Prunes same price as plums.

FRENCH PRUNE (*Petite Prune d'Agen*)

Medium sized, egg-shaped; violet purple; sweet, rich, and sugary; very productive. This is the standard variety for drying, and has been more extensively planted than any other; September.

GERMAN PRUNE (*Quetsche*)—Long, oval, skin purple; covered with blue bloom; flesh green; sweet; separates from the stone; September.

GIANT—Introduced by Luther Burbank; raised from the seed of the *Petite d'Agen*, pollinated with the Hungarian Prune. This is a handsome, strong, vigorous grower; leaves very large, so the fruit is well protected. Fruit large to very large; flesh yellow, flavor good, freestone; more of a plum than a prune; better adapted for shipping than drying.

HUNGARIAN PRUNE (*Pond's Seedling, Grose Prune d'Agen*)—Large ovate, skin thick, reddish violet, with numerous brown dots; juicy and sweet; tree a strong grower and good bearer; its large size and showy appearance render it a profitable variety for shipment for home and distant markets. Almost identical with Red Egg.

PEACHES.

25c to 75c each.

ALEXANDER'S EARLY—Flesh white, melting, juicy, rich. Freestone.

CRAWFORD'S EARLY—A magnificent yellow fleshed peach; tree regular bearer; fruit of large size, and highly colored.

EARLY SCARLET—A very fine early variety.

HALE'S EARLY—Early, medium to large; flesh white and excellent.

Same price as peaches.

APRICOTS.

MOORPARK—Large, yellow and red; flesh orange, sweet, juicy, rich; very productive.

ROYAL—Early, excellent quality.

QUINCES.

25c to 50c each. The quince thrives best in a deep, strong, moist soil. On account of the roots being very near the surface, the ground should be kept well worked and free from weeds.

ORANGE OR APPLE—Large, rich, golden yellow, firm, productive and desirable for market.

CHAMPION—An improved variety, large and good.

BLACKBERRIES.

KITTATINNY—Large, juicy, hardy and productive. Considered the most profitable late berry. \$1 per doz. \$5 per 100.

ERIE—Fruit large, excellent; plant hardy and productive. \$1 per doz.; \$5 per 100.

EVERGREEN—Fruit, medium; plant a rampant grower, very productive and profitable. 25c each; \$2 per doz.

MAMMOTH—Fruit very large; each 25c.

LOGAN BERRY—A cross between the blackberry and the raspberry. Berries very large and showy. It sells well; does remarkably well here.
25c each, \$15 per 100.

RASPBERRIES

FRANCONIA—Extra fine variety.

CUTHBERT—An excellent variety, \$3 per 100.

CUMBERLAND—The largest black raspberry now known. Fine quality and wonderfully productive. Tips \$5 per 100.

CURRENTS.

Prices \$1 to \$2 per doz.; \$5 to \$7 per 100.

PERFECTION—A new magnificent variety, a cross between Fay's and White Grape.

MOORE'S EARLY RUBY—Very large, red and of excellent quality.

✓ RED CHERRY—The most popular market sort, uniform, the largest of all red currant except perhaps Fay's Prolific.

FAY'S PROLIFIC—Large, of good flavor, less acid than Cherry, a very poor grower.

WHITE GRAPE—The largest and decidedly the best white variety. Bunches large and very long, easy to pick; berries large, handsome and of the best quality.

BLACK NAPLES and LEE'S PROLIFIC.

GOOSEBERRY.

Price same as Currants, except where noted.

SMITH'S IMPROVED—Large, pale yellow, and excellent quality.

OREGON CHAMPION—An excellent variety.

RED JACKET—A large, new variety, \$3 per doz.

STRAWBERRIES.

SHARPLESS—Very large, firm, sweet, and of good quality; a rapid and vigorous grower.

✓ COMPETITOR (LUXTON)—Early, extremely prolific; fruit large and early; does well here.

MAGOON—One of the best market berries, \$1 per 100; \$7 per 1000.

FILBERT.

ENGLISH—The sort usually sold in the fruit stores. Strong bushes. 25c to 50c each.

PURPLE LEAF VARIETY—Very ornamental, good fruit.

KENTISH COB—Largest and finest, 50c each.

MEDLAR.

✓ This fruit is esteemed by some. One peculiarity about it is, it should be put in a dark place to ripen, and when soft, apparently rotten, it is good for eating. Trees grow from 8 to 10 feet high, do remarkably well in this climate, and make a splendid lawn tree. 25c to 50c each.

ASPARAGUS.

CONOVER'S COLOSSAL—Large, of rapid growth. 2 to 3 years, \$2 per 100.

RHUBARB.

ST. MARTIN'S—A new English variety, now grown largely for the London market.
\$2 per doz., \$15 per 100.

HERBS, Etc.

SAGE—HOLT'S MAMMOTH—Form large plants with immense perfect leaves, 25c each; \$2 per doz.

THYME—25c each; \$2 per doz.

CABBAGE PLANTS—Early, 50c per 100; \$3 per 1000. Late, 25c per 100; \$2 per 1000.

CAULIFLOWER—50c to 75c per 100.

TOMATO PLANTS—Transplanted—1 doz. in a box, 25c per box. Not transplanted, 15c per doz.; \$1 per 100.

GRAPES.

CAMPBELL'S EARLY—25c each.

NIAGARA—25c each.

TREES, SHRUBBERY, Etc.

DECIDUOUS TREES.

ACER PSEUDO PLATANUS, Sycamore Ma—A well-known European tree, of quick, upright growth, and dense foliage, 25c to \$1.

— SACCHARINUM, Sugar Maple—An excellent shade tree of pyramidal growth, and foliage turning to a reddish yellow in the autumn. 25c to 50c.

— PLATANOIDES, Norway Maple—25c to 75c each.

AESCULUS HIPPOCASTANUM, European Horse Chestnut — This magnificent large-sized tree has no superior on the lawn. In spring it is profusely covered with panicles of white flowers, dotted with red. 25c to 50c.

RED FLOWERING—A smaller tree; and producing deep red flowers; very ornamental and well adapted for lawn culture. 75c.

FRAXINUS EXCELSIOR, English Ash—25c to 50c.

FAGUS SYLVATICA—European Beech—Its dark green foliage, bushy growth, and the ease of transplanting, make this a favorite in all plantings. 25c to 50c.

— PURPUREA RIVERS — Blood-leaved Beech—Where a large growing tree of dark foliage is required, this will always be in demand. From early spring until late fall, though varying in intensity of coloring at times—sometimes being almost black—there is always a rich purple foliage. 50c to \$1.50 each.

JUGLANS CINEREA—Butternut—Full-sized tree, with clean, smooth bark and light foliage. 25c to 50c.

JUGLANS REGIA—English Walnut—Maderia Nut—A spreading tree of good size. Grown largely for their nuts. 25c to 50c.

MORUS ALBA—White Mulberry. A round-headed, fair-sized tree, rather small leaves. Leaves used for silk worms. 25c.

— DOWNINGI—Downing's Mulberry—Large leaves and strong growth, fruit dark red or black, and does not ripen all at once, as is the case with most other sorts. 50c to 75c.

NEGUNDO FRAXINAEFOLIUM—Ash-leaved Maple, Box Elder. A fair-sized spreading tree, with ash-like leaves. 25c to 50c each.

POPULUS BALSAMIFERA—Balsam Poplar. Glossy foliage and strong, rapid growth. 25c to 50c.

— FASTIGIATA—Lombardy Poplar. An exceedingly tall-growing pyramidal tree of much use in planting. 25c to 50c.

— BOLLEANA—Silver Poplar. 25c to 50c each.

PYRUS AUCUPARIA—European Mountain Ash. 50c to \$1 each.

ROBINIA PSEUD-ACACIA—Yellow Locust. A fair-sized tree, with feathery foliage, bearing racemes of yellowish, fragrant flowers in the last week in May. 25c to 50c.

SALIX CAPRAE—Goat Willow. Pretty specie when its catkins are expanded in early spring. 25c.

— CAPRAE PENDULA — Kilmarnock Weeping Willow. Now recognized as an indispensable ornamental weeping tree. 75c to \$1.50.

ULMUS AMERICANA—American Elm. A tree of lofty growth, and weeping, drooping branches of much beauty. 50c to \$1 each.

— CAMPESTRIS—English Elm. A very large tree, with smaller leaves than the American. 50c to \$1 each.

— RACEMOSA—American Cork Elm. This has the branches corky in deep fissures, rivalling the Cork Elm of Europe. 50c to \$1 each.

DECIDUOUS SHRUBS.

AMYGDALUS—Flowering Almond.

— NANA, *pink*.

— ALBA, *white*. The flowering Almond could be the least spared of any of our early flowers. 25c to 50c each.

COTONEASTER SIMONDSI.

— OBTUSA—Dwarf shrubs with white flowers and abundant red berries. Very pretty. 25c to 50c.

CERAUS AVIUM ALBA PLURA—Double White Cherry.

— SIEBOLDI RUBRA—Double, red; very beautiful. 50c.

CRATAEGUS OXYACANTHA—English Hawthorn. 25c.

— OXACANTHA—Double red, pink and white, English Hawthorn. 50c to 75c.

DAPHNE MAZEREUM—Pink.

— MAZEREUM, ALBA—White. 25c to 50c.

Daphnes are erect growing, small shrubs with neat green leaves, and flowers clustered along the stems. It is, perhaps the earliest flowering shrub of all, and the blossoms are exceedingly fragrant.

DEUTZIA CRENATA—Plena double white.

— “ “ *pink*.

— GRACILIS—White, dwarf habit.

— LEMOINEI, new, 25c to 50c each.

The gracilis is the first to flower, opening about the 25th of May. The others come in about the 15th of June. All are useful in plantings.

EXOCHORDA GRANDIFLORA—A most beautiful shrub, bearing racemes of large white flowers, which entirely cover the bush. It is one I can particularly recommend, where an unusually attractive specimen shrub is wanted. 25c to 75c each.

GENISTA ALBA (*White Broom*)—25c to 50c.

— ANDRENA—*Red Broom*. 25c to 50c.

FORSYTHEA SUSPENSAL—Golden Bell. 25c to 50c each.

HYDRANGEA—Paniculata grandiflora. Is the large-flowered white, than which a grander flower does not exist. Its magnificent heads expand about the first of August, at a time when shrubs in flower are scarce. 25c to 50c each.

— ARBORESCENS GRANDIFLORA—A grand addition to the summer flowering hardy shrubs. The flowers are in a large way similar to the familiar Snowball in appearance, and are so conspicuous, white and imposing that whether as single specimens, or in grouping, their presence is predominant.

LABURNUM, CYTISUS LABURNUM. 25c to 50c.

PAEONIA MOUTON—Tree Paeonia. 75c to \$1.50.

These are beautiful shrubs, slow-growing, but very desirable.

PHILADELPHUS CORONARUS—Mock Orange. 25c to 50c.

PRUNUS TRILOBA—Double flowering plums. 25c to 50c.

PRUNUS PISSARDI (Blood-leaved)—Pissardi, or the blood-leaved plum, is the best addition to dark-leaved plants for many years. The leaves are shining crimson, continuing so the whole season. It is a striking object on a lawn. 25c to 50c.

PYRUS ARBUTIFOLIA. Pretty shrub with white flowers and red berries. 25c.

PYRUS JAPONICA—Japan Quince. Fire bush.

———— ALBA—Pink Japan Quince. 25c to 50c each.

SAMBUSCUS VARIEGATA—Variegated-leaved Elder. 25c to 50c.

SYRINGA PERSIC ALBA—White Persian Lilac.

———— Charles X Lilac. Very fine and free flowering.

———— VULGARIS—Common Purple Lilac. 25c to 50c.

VIBURNUM OPULUS—Common Snowball. 25c to 50c each.

———— PLICATUM—Japan Snowball. 50c to \$1.

WEIGELA AMBILIS VARIEGATA—Variegated leaves.

———— ROSEA—Rose. 25c to 50c.

SPARTIUM JUNCEUM—Spanish Broom. 25c to \$1.

SPIREA—These are beautiful shrubs of easy culture. Very desirable for shrubberies or for planting on the lawn as single specimens.

———— NEW CRIMSON ANTHONY WATERER
—This beautiful crimson-flowered Spiraea is one of those exceptional

novelties that occur only at rare intervals, adding in a conspicuous way to the rich and varied flora of our gardens. It outshines all the Spiraeas in brilliancy of color—a bright crimson. It is a rare gem. It makes a low, compact bush fifteen to eighteen inches high, and is covered nearly the whole growing season with umbels of deep crimson flowers. 25c to 50c each.

———— BLUE (*Caryopteris mastacanthus*)

—Blue Spiraea is a fitting name for this remarkable, new, hardy plant. It comes to us from James Veitch & Son, England, which in itself is sufficient guarantee of its great value. The dense flower heads are of a rich lavender blue, a rare color among flowers. 25c to 50c each.

———— PRUNIFOLIA—Flowers like double small white daisies, known as Bridal Wreath. 25c to 50c each.

———— VAN HOUTTEI—Van Houtt's Spiraea is a valuable bush that keeps a rich color and a clean surface to its foliage all through the heat of summer, and we are more dependent upon good foliage than upon good flowers to make our shrubberies a success and a pleasure. 25c to 50c

WEeping TREES.

CHERRY, CERASUS PUMILA PENDULA—50c to \$1.

ELM—Weeping Camperdown. \$1 to \$2.50.

WILLOW, SALIX CAPREA PENDULA—Kilmarnock Weeping Willow. 75c to \$1.50.

EVERGREEN TREES AND SHRUBS.

ABIES—KOSTERIANA (Blue Colorado Spruce grafted)—The finest of all blue evergreens, of extra fine color and compact, free growth. \$1 to \$5.

— *NORDMANNIANA* — A symmetrical and imposing tree; the warm green of the young shoots contrasts finely with the rich, deep color of the old foliage; the best of the silver firs. 50c to \$1 each.

— *EXCELSA* (the well known Norway Spruce), from 25c to \$1 each.

ARAUCARIA IMBRICATA—Monkey Puzzle. \$1 to \$2.50.

BERBERIS DARWINI—This is the finest of all Berberis; foliage small, thick and leathery; flowers orange yellow, abundantly produced, and of delicious fragrance. 50c to 75c.

— *STENOPHYLLA*—A most beautiful, hardy, and elegant shrub. 50c to 75c.

BIOTA ORIENTALIS—Chinese Arbor Vitæ. 50c to \$1 each.

— *AUREA*—Golden Arbor Vitæ. 75c to \$1 each.

— *ELEGANTISSIMA*—75c to \$2.50 each.

The Chinese and its golden variety are fast-growing pyramidal trees, and with the *Elegantissima*, or golden-tipped sort, are found especially adapted to this climate.

BUXUS SEMPERVIRENS, ARBORESCENS—Tree Box. 25c to 50c.

CEDRUS DEODARA—One of the most elegant of all evergreen trees; branches drooping, foliage light blue. \$1 to \$2.50.

— *LIBANA*—Cedar of Lebanon. 75c to \$1.50.

CERASUS LUSITANICA—Portugal Laurel. 25c to \$1.

— *LAUROCERASUS*—Common Laurel. 25c to 50c. \$20 to \$40 per 100.

CRATOEGUS PYRACANTHA — Evergreen Thorn. 35c.

CUPRESSUS LAWSONIANA—Lawson's Cypress. 50c to \$1.50 each.

— *LAWSONIANA VARIEGATA*—75c to \$2.50 each.

— *LAWSONIANA STRICTA VIRIDIS*—Most elegant upright grown, \$1 to \$5 each.

ILEX AQUIFOLIUM—English Holly 50c to \$3.

— *VARIEGATA*—50c to \$5.

JUNIPERIS SUECICA—Swedish Juniper, 50c.

— *HIBERNUM*—Irish Juniper.

— *VERGINICA*. 50c.

MAHONIA AQUIFOLIA—Holly-leaved Mahonia. 50c.

RHODODENDRONS—The Rhododendron is one of the most beautiful plants in cultivation. Its heavy, dark green foliage is striking both in winter and summer, to say nothing of the great masses of varied-colored flowers which are produced in large trusses on the ends of nearly every branch of the plants. Rhododendrons have a mass of hair-like fibrous roots; it is therefore necessary to plant in light, well-drained soil such as a mixture of sand, leaf mould and peat, but they will do fairly well in any rich, light soil, free from lime which is very injurious to them. While they like plenty of water, they are averse to having it stagnant about the roots. Thirty beautiful varieties. 75c to \$2.50 each.

RETINISPORA PLUMOSA AUREA (Japan Cedar. A plant of great beauty; foliage soft plume-like, of a golden yellow color; close and compact habit. 50c to \$1.50 each.

— *GLAUCA*—Of a beautiful purplish blue color; a compact vigorous grower. 50c to \$1.50 each.

WELLINGTONIA GIGANTEA (Big Tree of California). \$1 to \$2.50 each.

TAXUS BACCATA (English Yew).—Makes a fine, densely branched bush or small tree, can be sheared into any desired form. 50c to \$1.50 each.

—HIBERNICA (Irish Yew)—Upright in growth, with dense foliage; of dark, sombre hue. 50c to \$1.50 each.

—HIBERNICA VARIEGATA—Similar in growth to above, only beautifully variegated. 75c to \$2.50 each.

VINES AND CLIMBERS.

AMPELOPSIS VIRGINICA—Virginia Creeper. 25c to 50c.

—VEITCHI—Virginia Creeper, 25c to 50c.

CLEMATIS, BOSKOOP SEEDLING—Extra large lavender. 50c to \$1.00 each.

—DUCHESS OF EDINBURGH—Double pure white. 50c to \$1 each.

—HENRYI—Finest large single white. 50c to \$1 each.

—JACKMANNI—The popular dark, rich, royal purple. 50c to \$1 each.

PANICULATA (Sweet-scented Japan Clematic). The flowers are of medium size, fragrant pure white, borne in immense sheets in September, when very few other vines are in bloom. 25c to 50c.

I grow my Clematic in pots, so that they can be planted at any time without danger of their dying.

HEDERA HELIX—English Ivy.

—variegated. 25c to 50c.

JASMINUM NUDIFLORUM—Yellow Jasmine.

—OEFICINALE—White Fragrant Jasmine. 25c to 50c.

The Yellow Jasmines flower towards spring, often before winter has fairly passed by.

HEDGE PLANTS.

Box EDGING—75c per yard. A yard will reset from 3 to 5 yards, and more if in the hands of an expert.

HAWTHORN—English, 1 to 2 ft. \$3 to \$5 per 100.

LAUREL—25c to 50c each. \$20 to \$40 per 100.

NORWAY SPRUCE—\$10 to \$30 per 100.

LAWSON CYPRESS—\$25 per 100.

PRIVET—Common, 2 to 3 ft.

—Californian—\$2.50 to \$5 per 100.

—New Variegated Foliis Marginatis—25c each.

Plants for Summer Decoration

CARNATION—12 named sorts. 15c each; \$1.00 per doz.

CHRYSANTHEMUMS—Assorted, named. 10c to 50c each.

DAHLIAS—30 good cactus and show varieties. 20c each. \$1 to \$2 per doz.

PAEONY—Assorted. 25c to 50c each.

GLADIOLUS—(Croft's Hybrids) very fine. 75c per doz.

PHLOX—Most valuable hardy plants for partially shaded borders or shrubbery. 12 varieties, 25c each, \$2 per doz.

TRITOMIA UVARIA—Red Hot Poker Plant. 35c.

PAMPAS GRASS—25c to \$1.00 each.

ROSES

Roses are deservedly the most popular of all flowers, as their delicious, delicate tints of color, easy culture and wonderful profusion of bloom makes the humblest garden beautiful.

The soil for roses should be rather strong loam, the deeper it is the better. It should be well drained, and can scarcely be made too rich.

I am constantly trying new varieties of roses, but a very few of them supersede the older varieties.

Standards, four to six feet high, each 75c; \$7 per doz.

Dwarfs, each 50c; \$5 per doz.; strong 3-year-old plants.

Dwarfs, 2-year, 25c; \$2.50 per doz.



KILLARNEY—Queen of the Irish Roses, of exquisite form and fragrance. Bright carmine-pink, marbled in creamy white, with petals large and durable; the buds extremely long.

LA FRANCE. Delicate silvery rose, shaded with cerise pink, often silvery pink, with peach shading. A fine and continuous bloomer.

PIERRE GUILLOT—One of the finest and most valuable Hybrid Teas. Color, bright, rich crimson; large, full flowers; very fragrant.

LADY MARY FITZWILLIAM—Flowers extra large and globular; quite full and regular; very fragrant and beautiful. Color, clear flesh, elegantly tinged with amber and carnation; valuable.

COUNTESS OF PEMBROKE—A vigorous grower and free bloomer. Flowers large and of exquisite form, and nicely scented. Color, soft, satiny pink, elegantly shaded with rosy peach.

SOUV. DE WOOTON—Of strong, erect habit of growth, and remarkably free flowering; every shoot is crowded with one or more buds. Color, crimson red, changing to rosy crimson.

TRIUMPH D'ANGERS—Bright, fiery red, passing to dark, fiery crimson. Large, full flowers, very double and fragrant.

CAMOENS—Color, China rose, suffused with pale yellow, passing to white, flushed with carmine.

DUCHESS OF ALBANY—A deep, sweet pink in color; not shaded, but what is called a solid color. Ladies prefer it on account of its beautiful color to any other rose for personal adornment, as it shows up against either light or dark dress goods to a charming advantage.

KAISER AUGUSTA VICTORIA—This is one of the most charming roses in existence. It is a strong, vigorous grower and free bloomer. Color, pure white.

Monthly or Everblooming.

BOUGERE—This is a superb rose, extra large, very double and full, exceedingly sweet tea scent. Color, bronze rose or violet crimson, delicately shaded with lilac.

BRIDESMAID—An exquisite new rose. Color, a bright, clear pink; a lovely shade; flowers very large, perfectly double. The buds are large and solid, with long stiff stems and handsome, glossy foliage.

CLOTH OF GOLD, or CHROMATELLA—A clear golden yellow, large, very full and double, highly fragrant.

DOUGLASS—Dark cherry red, rich and velvety. Large, full and fragrant. A neat, compact grower. Very desirable for bedding.

GLOIRE DE DIJON—A magnificent rose. One of the finest in every respect. Large, perfectly double and tea-scented. Color, rich, creamy white, beautifully tinged with amber and pale blush. A splendid climber or pillar rose.

HOMER—Extra good. Large, very full and double, tea-scented. Color, light flesh, changing to silvery rose. Very fine.

ENCHANTRESS—This variety belongs among the leaders. It blooms with astonishing freedom, bearing its large globular, double flowers in im-

mense clusters. It is as free blooming as any rose in my collection. The color is creamy white, slightly tinted with buff in the centre.

HERMOSA—An excellent rose. Blooms in fine clusters. Large, very double and fragrant. Color, beautiful clear rose. A constant bloomer. Hardy; one of the best.

GRUSS AN TEPLITZ or CRIMSON HERMOSA—In color it is one of the richest scarlet imaginable, shading to a velvety crimson as the flowers mature; in size it is larger than Hermosa, very fragrant, a free, strong grower, quite hardy, and the most profuse bloomer known to us, the mass of color produced being truly phenomenal. The foliage is extremely beautiful, all the younger growth being of a bronzy plum color.

JULES FINGER—Elegant and valuable. Flowers extra large and finely formed, very full and sweet. Color, bright, rosy scarlet, beautifully shaded with intense crimson, a vigorous grower and free bloomer.

LAMARQUE—A fine climber for greenhouses and conservatories; pale canary yellow, almost white, beautiful buds. Large, full flowers, very double and sweet.

LUCULLUS—Beautiful, dark crimson maroon. Fragrant, very double. A constant and profuse bloomer. Extra good for outdoor culture.

LOUIS RICHARD—Coppery rose, changing to buff and carmine, full and sweet.

MALMAISON—Rich creamy flesh, changing to lovely fawn, with rose centre. Very large, perfectly double and exceedingly sweet. One of the finest varieties, quite hardy.

MARIE GUILLOT—A splendid rose, first-class in every respect. Color, pure snow white, sometimes faintly tinged with pale yellow. Extra large size, full and double. Very sweet tea scent.

MARIE. VAN .HOUTTE—A lovely rose. Color white, delicately tinged with yellow and rosy blush.

MAMAM COCHET—A valuable pink bedding or pot rose, with rich, healthy foliage and large flowers on long, straight stems; color, deep rosy pink, the inner side of petals silvery rose.

MARECHAL NIEL—The fame of Marechal Neil, with its large golden yellow flowers, is so world-wide that nothing more need be said; large plants in 8-inch pots, 75c to \$1 each.

MARIE SISLEY—An excellent rose, full and double. Delicious tea scent. Color, an exquisite shade of pale yellow, broadly margined with bright rose.

YELLOW SOUPERT—*Mosella*. It is a stronger grower and flowers are a little larger than Clothilde Soupert, but appear the same way in clusters and on single stems. The color is a chrome yellow in the centre, getting creamy white on the edges of the petals. It will make a great bedder, and is perfectly hardy.

MADAME WELCHE—An extra fine variety, very large, double, and of beautiful rounded form, a soft pale yellow, sometimes cream, with short inner petals of glowing orange and copper.

PEARL DES JARDINS—Bright and clear yellow. Large pointed buds; very fragrant and a continuous bloomer.

PAPA GONTIER—This grand rose does remarkably well in this climate. A vigorous grower, glowing crimson.

QUEEN OF BEDDERS—A constant and profuse bloomer. Color, rich velvety scarlet, very brilliant.

RED MALMAISON (New Bourbon). Like Malmaison, but bright glowing crimson, rich and velvety. Extra fine and valuable.

ROBUSTA—Scarce and fine, large, very double flower, full and sweet. Clear carnation red, shaded and veined with rosy crimson.

SUNSET—The color is a rich shade of golden amber, remarkably tinted and shaded with deep crimson.

REINE MARIE GLOIRE DE HENRIETTE—Red-flowering Gloire de Dijon. A strong, vigorous grower, flowers large, full and of fine form. Color, a pure, cherry red, and sweet scented.

SOUV. D'UN AMIE—A splendid rose. Buds and flowers extra large and very sweet. Color, deep rosy flesh, shaded carmine, reverse of petals silver rose. A fine bloomer.

THE BRIDE—Recommended as one of the best pure white roses. The buds and flowers are unusually large and finely formed.

WILLIAM ALLAN RICHARDSON—Coppery yellow, flushed with carmine; flowers large, full, fragrant.

Hybrid Perpetuals.

Hybrid Perpetuals are very hardy and do not winter kill or need protection.

AMERICAN BEAUTY—It is a strong, vigorous grower and a very free bloomer. The buds and flowers are extra large, very full and double, and exceedingly sweet. Color, dark rich crimson, exquisitely shaded and very handsome.

ALFRED COLOMB—Justly celebrated as one of the very finest; extra large, round flowers, very double and full. Color, clear, cherry red, passing to bright, rich crimson; very fragrant.

BARONESS ROTHSCHILD—One of the grandest and most beautiful Hybrid Perpetual roses. Flowers of immense size, globular form, perfectly double, with broad, thick petals, solid and massive, borne erect on stout, thick canes. Color, bright,

rosy pink. Strong grower, with splendid foliage; especially exempt from mildew and insect attacks. Hardy everywhere, blooming twice, and frequently three times in the season.

BLACK PRINCE—Very dark, velvety crimson, almost black. Cupped form. Large, full and fragrant.

CAPTAIN CHRISTY—A magnificent rose, extra large flowers. Very double and full. Color, a lovely shade of pale peach, deepening at the centre to rosy crimson. Very beautiful and one of the finest roses.

CLIO—Two first class certificates; award of merit Royal Horticultural Society. This variety is of very vigorous growth and has large, handsome foliage. The flowers are flesh color, shaded to the centre with rosy pink. They are very large, of fine globular form, and freely produced. A grand addition to the style of Baroness.

FRAU KARL DRUSCHKI (New). A pure paper-white, large sized and free-flowering. The bloom is perfect in form on fine, long stems.

GIANT OF BATTLES—This is still esteemed as the very best rich red rose. Very large, double, full and sweet. Excellent.

GEN. JACQUEMINOT—Rich, velvety scarlet, changing to brilliant crimson. Magnificent buds.

GLOIRE DE MARGOTTIN—This grand, new Hybrid Perpetual rose originated in Europe, and is believed to be one of the very finest varieties of recent years. The flowers are very large and of symmetrical form, somewhat globular, very full and deliciously scented. The color is a clear, dazzling red. Certainly one of the most brilliant roses ever seen. It is a free bloomer and vigorous grower, and is recommended for its great beauty and wonderful color.

GLORY OF WALTHAM—Brilliant crimson, with fiery red centre. Very bright and showy. Large, full, regular flowers, highly perfumed.

GLORY LYONAISE—Originated at Lyons, France, and claimed to be a yellow Hybrid Perpetual. It is described as being clear chrome yellow, with rich, creamy white border. The flowers are large, very full and delightfully sweet.

GENERAL WASHINGTON—Brilliant shining crimson, very rich and beautiful. Large, perfectly double flowers. A free and constant bloomer.

JULES MARGOTTEN—Bright cherry red. Large, well-formed, fragrant flower. A splendid old variety. Very double and free.

JOHN HOPPER—A first-class rose, hardy and a free bloomer. Large, very regular and full. Clear, glowing pink. Very beautiful.

MAD'LL ANNIE WOOD—A magnificent variety, flower very large; fine full form. Color, brilliant violet crimson. Exquisite fragrance. An early and profuse bloomer.

MAGNA CHARTA—A splendid rose; extra large, full flowers; very double and sweet. Clear rosy red, delicately flushed with crimson.

MRS. JOHN LAING—This beautiful new rose does remarkably well here. Color, clear, bright pink.

MADAME ALFRED CARRIERE—Extra large, full flowered, very double and sweet. Color, a rich, creamy white, faintly tinged with pale yellow. Exceedingly beautiful. It is a strong, hardy climber and free bloomer.

PRINCE CAMILLE DE ROHAN—This variety is always a prime favorite with everybody. Richest crimson.

PAUL NEYRON—Extra large flowers; bright, shining pink; very clear and sweet. Blooms the first season, and is one of the very best varieties.

Climbing Roses

CRIMSON RAMBLER—The greatest climbing rose of its color in existence, small plants making a growth of 10 to 20 feet in a single season, producing in marvellous profusion large trusses of flowers, pyramidal in form. When in full bloom it is a vivid mass of crimson beauty.

YELLOW RAMBLER—Identical with Crimson Rambler, except the flowers, which are deep golden yellow, and fragrant.

WHITE RAMBLER—Flowers are of the size of a silver quarter, partly filled, very fragrant, and in color pure white tinged with blush; borne in clusters.

PINK RAMBLER—Same as White Rambler, except color of flowers, which are brilliant light carmine.

MULTIFLORA—Grows to a height of 8 to 10 feet. Produces countless numbers of creamy white fragrant flowers.

Polyantha Roses.

MAD'ELLE CECILE BRUNER—A very beautiful and valuable variety. Color, pale pink. Very full and sweet. A constant and profuse bloomer.

ANNIE MARIE DE MONTRAVEL—White, shaded with pink; very free.

MARIE PAVEY—White, abundant bloomer.

Moss Roses.

COUNTRESS DE MURINAIS—One of the finest pure white moss roses. The buds are elegantly mossed. Flowers large, full and fragrant.

PURPUREA RUBRA—Violet purple, very double and sweet. Nicely covered with fine moss.

Paeonias Herbaceous.

ANDRE LAURIES — Very double, deep bright red.

FLORAL TREASURE—A fine clear bright pink.

FESTIVA ALBA—Fine pure white.

GOLDEN HARVEST—Nearest approach to a yellow.

GRANDIFLORA RUBRA—Extra large blood red.

L'ESPERANCE—Rich bright rose color.

MARIE LEMOINE—Delicate flesh, changing to white.

MARIE LOUISE—Deep purplish red.

POMPONIA—Large rosy pink with salmon centre.

RUBRA TRIUMPHANS—Rich, brilliant, glowing crimson.

PURPLE PRINCE—A fine rich purple.

VICTORIA TRICOLOR—Pale rose, centre yellowish white. 25c to 50c each.

Special Attention

GUARANTEE.—While I exercise the greatest care to have every tree or plant true to name, and am ready, on proper proof, to replace anything sent out by me that may prove untrue to label, free of charge, or refund the money paid for it, it is understood and agreed between purchaser and myself that I am not to be held liable for any greater sum than that paid for said trees that proved untrue.

Additional List of Roses

Issued by Mount Tolmie Nursery

Alberie Barbier — Double creamy white centre canary Tea rose scented (climber).

Augustine-Guinoisseau—A white La France tinted pale rose, valuable, continuous flowering.

Betty—Blooms extremely large, fairly full, glorious form, coppery rose overspread with golden yellow, never out of bloom until cut off by frost.

Bessie Brown—Very large creamy white free blooming perfumed, a fine rose.

Countess of Gosford—Clear salmon pink, base saffron yellow, large full, a delightful garden and bedding rose, free and perpetual.

Excelsia or Red Dorothy Perkins—A brilliant Crimson Rambler which is nearly evergreen. The flowers are very double, produced in large trusses. The finest of all Crimson Ramblers.

England's Glory—Large, full formed, flesh satiny pink centre, sweetly scented.

General MacArthur—A red rose. The shape is fine, color brilliant scarlet, does remarkably well on this coast.

George Reimers—Fiery red, more gleaming than Richmond, large perfect form, fine massive petals, long bud, continuous blooming.

Joseph Hill—Salmon pink, shaded with yellow, outer petals tinted coppery pink, long bud, very large full flowers. A superb variety.

Le Progress—Color, nankeen yellow with golden yellow buds, of cupid form opening to large flowers, very free.

Lady Gay—Delicate cherry pink of highest merit (climber).

Lyon Rose—Crab red, centre coral red with salmon and chrome, yellow shading, the greatest acquisition to the rose world.

Mamon Cochet—A pure white Mamon Cochet edged Rose, occasionally cream white.

Mme. Berard—Large, full, rich salmon tinted rose, sweetly scented, distinct (climber).

Mme. Caroline Testout—Large, well-formed, clear, silvery rose, centre deeper, free bloomer.

ROSES—Continued

Mme. Second-Weber—Light rosy, salmon vivid centre, Mme. Second-Weber is probably the most perfect rose as to size, shape, color and scent which exists at the present time.

Marquis de Sinety—The buds are of a rich yellow ochre, suffused with carmine, the expanded flower, which is of good size, is fairly double, of a rich golden yellow, delightfully fragrant.

Mrs. Aaron Ward—Indian yellow, one of the best, rosy yellow additions.

Mrs. E. G Hill—Large, full on stiff stems, outside deep coral red; interior alabaster white, free flowering, fragrant.

Natalie Bottner—Delicate creamy yellow. It combines prominent qualities of the two celebrated roses, Druschki and Kaiserin.

Rhea Reid—Color varying from cerise to Richmond red, of greatest freedom.

Rayon d'Or Cadmium—Yellow when open, sun yellow when expanded, a prominent rose (hybrid briar).

Recuerdo de Antoni Peluffo—Light diaphanous yellow, pink edged petals, exceedingly large and very double.

Sour du President Carnot — Very large, full flesh, shaded white, a splendid continuous blooming sort.

White Dorothy Perkins—This rose has no rival as a white climber.

Blanche Moreau (Moss Rose)—Large full, pure white, pretty mossed, free blooming.

50c. each. \$4.00 per doz. \$30 per 100

Cars Run to the Nursery Every Hour

REASONS FOR DRAINING.

A drained soil is more readily freed from excess of water.
 A drained soil can be worked many days earlier in the spring.
 Less labor is required to prepare the soil.
 All parts of the field or garden are ready at the same time.
 Manures and fertilizers are more readily appropriated.
 The seed germinates quickly and with more certainty.
 Crops can be cultivated regularly with less labor.
 It protects against damage from wet weather.
 It protects against damage from dry weather.
 The depth of soil is increased.
 It gives larger feeding growth for the roots of plants.

NUMBER OF TREES OR PLANTS ON AN ACRE.

						Square Method.	Equilateral Triangle Method.
Distance, 1 foot apart each way, number plants						43,560	50,300
" 2	"	"	"	"	"	10,890	12,575
" 3	"	"	"	"	"	4,840	5,889
" 4	"	"	"	"	"	2,722	3,143
" 5	"	"	"	"	"	1,742	2,011
" 6	"	"	"	"	"	1,210	1,397
" 7	"	"	"	"	"	888	1,025
" 8	"	"	"	"	"	680	785
" 9	"	"	"	"	"	537	620
" 10	"	"	"	"	"	435	502
" 12	"	"	"	"	"	302	348
" 14	"	"	"	"	"	222	256
" 15	"	"	"	"	"	193	222
" 16	"	"	"	"	"	170	191
" 18	"	"	"	"	"	134	154
" 20	"	"	"	"	"	109	125
" 25	"	"	"	"	"	69	79
" 30	"	"	"	"	"	48	55
" 35	"	"	"	"	"	35	40
" 40	"	"	"	"	"	27	31

Rule, Square Measure.—Multiply the distance in feet between the rows by the distance the plants are apart in the rows, and the product will be the number of square feet for each plant or hill; which, divided into the number of feet in an acre (43,560), will give the number of plants or trees to the acre.

Rule, Equilateral Triangle Method.—Divide the number required to the acre, "square method," by the decimal .866. The result will be the number of plants required to the acre by this method.

Descriptive Catalogue and Price List

MOUNT TOLMIE NURSERY

G. A. KNIGHT & SONS

VICTORIA, B. C.

To Mr E. R. Lake

United States Dep of Agriculture
Washington, D. C.